Tips for Multiple Choice Exams



Preparing for Multiple Choice Exams

- Begin Studying Early
 - Learn a little bit each day and allow plenty of time for repeated reviews to build a much more reliable long-term memory.
- Pay Attention To Fundamental Terms And Concepts That The Instructor Emphasizes
- Use Your Textbook's Tools
 - New words, concepts, and summary questions are usually at the beginning or end of a chapter
 - Be sure that you really know what the definitions mean.
- Know Your Learning Style
 - Find ways to study the material in the way that best matches your learning style.
- Simulate Required Behavior
 - If you are taking a closed book test, practice answering questions without your text or notes.

Taking Multiple Choice Exams

- Before You Begin the Exam
 - Enter all pieces of required information on your answer sheet.
 - Upload: flip the test over, write down key words, concepts, and ideas that are in your mind, especially if you just studied them and think you may forget.
 - Give yourself a time budget for each section of the test.

• Make Three Passes Through the Exam

- PASS ONE:
 - Go through the test and answer all the questions for which the answers come easily.
- PASS TWO:
 - Try to anticipate the correct response before seeing the options provided. Then, uncover the responses.
 - If you see the response that you anticipated, circle it and check to be sure that none of the other responses are better.
 - If you do not see a response that you expected:
 - Spend time to figure out the "best" of the of the answer options.
 - Run each possible response through a true/false test.
 - Look for answer choices that contain language used by your teacher or found in your textbook.
- PASS THREE:
 - Take an educated guess on questions that are still elusive
 - Be sure that you have filled the appropriate bubbles carefully.
 - Check your work before you hand in the answer sheet.

• When All Else Fails, Remember:

- Responses that use absolute words, such as "always" or "never" are less likely to be correct than ones that use conditional words like "usually" or "probably."
- "All of the above" is often a correct response. If you can verify that more than one of the other responses is probably correct, then choose "all of the above."
- "None of the above" is usually an incorrect response. Be very careful not to be trapped by double negatives.

4 Methods for Handling Test Anxiety



There are several strategies to help deal with and overcome test anxiety. If your anxiety is a constant issue or escalates to a higher level, it may be beneficial to speak with a counselor. CUW offers free counseling services to students. The Counseling Center can assist you with long-term coping methods for anxiety.

Prepare 1	 Start preparing for a test 1 - 2 weeks before to build your confidence. Organize materials you may need for the test. Get to the testing site with enough time to find a seat you prefer.
Have a Positive Attitude 2	 Test scores do not determine your self-worth. Use the test as an <i>opportunity</i> to show how hard you have worked. Avoid speaking with classmates who are unprepared or express negativity.
Stay Healthy 3	 Develop good sleeping habits - <i>try</i> to get 8 hours per night. Start (or continue) an exercise program. Eat right! Get your fruits and veggies, and AVOID processed food, carbonated soft drinks, caffeine, fried food, sugar, chips, and similar foods containing preservatives. Take time for yourself! Read a book for leisure, spend time with friends/family, watch your favorite show, go for a walk - something that makes you happy ⁽ⁱ⁾
During the Test 4	 Read the directions <i>carefully</i>. If necessary, count to 10 and take slow, deep breaths. Stay on task - think about the next step (don't let your fear distract you). Skip questions you do not know and come back to them later. If it is a multi-format exam, do the section you are "best" at first to build your confidence. It is expected that you will have <i>some</i> anxiety - it keeps you determined and gives you energy!